3694H.07S

## CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE SUBSTITUTE NO. 2

FOR

## SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 1450,

HOUSE BILL NO. 1296,

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 1331,
AND
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 1898

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6 7 AN ACT

To repeal sections 544.170, 545.140, 556.061, 557.021, 562.014, 571.015, 571.070, 578.421, 578.423, 578.425, 579.065, and 579.068, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof twenty-one new sections relating to criminal law, with penalty provisions.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:

- Section A. Sections 544.170, 545.140, 556.061, 557.021,
- 14 562.014, 571.015, 571.070, 578.421, 578.423, 578.425, 579.065,
- and 579.068, RSMo, are repealed and twenty-one new sections
- 16 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 217.850,
- 491.016, 491.641, 544.170, 545.140, 550.125, 556.061, 557.021,
- 18 557.045, 562.014, 570.027, 571.015, 571.070, 577.800, 578.419,
- 19 578.421, 578.423, 578.425, 579.065, 579.068, and 632.460, to read
- 20 as follows:
- 21 217.850. 1. A person commits the offense of unlawful use

| 1  | of unmanned aircraft over a correctional center if he or she      |  |  |  |  |  |
|----|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2  | purposely:  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3  | (1) Operates an unmanned aircraft within a vertical               |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4  | distance of four hundred feet over a correctional center's secure |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5  | perimeter fence; or   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6  | (2) Allows an unmanned aircraft to make contact with a            |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7  | correctional center, including any person or object on the        |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8  | premises of or within the facility.                               |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9  | 2. For purposes of this section, "correctional center"            |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | shall include:  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | (1) Any correctional center as defined in section 217.010;        |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | (2) Any private jail as defined in section 221.095; and           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | (3) Any county or municipal jail.                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | 3. The provisions of this section shall not prohibit the          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | operation of an unmanned aircraft by:                             |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | (1) An employee of the correctional center at the direction       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | of the chief administrative officer of the facility;              |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | (2) A person who has written consent from the chief               |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | administrative officer of the facility;                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | (3) An employee of a law enforcement agency, fire                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | department, or emergency medical service in the exercise of       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | official duties;  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | (4) A government official or employee in the exercise of          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | official duties;  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | (5) A public utility or a rural electric cooperative if:          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | (a) The unmanned aircraft is used for the purpose of              |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | inspecting, repairing, or maintaining utility transmission or     |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | distribution lines or other utility equipment or infrastructure;  |  |  |  |  |  |

| 1 | (b)       | The     | utility  | notifies | the   | correctiona | l center | before  |
|---|-----------|---------|----------|----------|-------|-------------|----------|---------|
|   |           |         |          |          |       |             |          |         |
| 2 | fluing th | ומוו בר | mannad a | iraraft  | avcan | t during an | amargan  | cv. and |

- 3 (c) The person operating the unmanned aircraft does not
  4 physically enter the prohibited space without an escort provided
- 5 <u>by the correctional center;</u>

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- 6 (6) An employee of a railroad in the exercise of official
  7 duties on any land owned or operated by a railroad corporation
  8 regulated by the Federal Railroad Administration; or
- 9 (7) A person operating an unmanned aircraft pursuant to and
  10 in compliance with any waiver issued by the Federal Aviation
  11 Authority under 14 CFR 107.200.
- 4. The offense of unlawful use of unmanned aircraft over a

  correctional center shall be punishable as an infraction unless

  the person uses an unmanned aircraft for the purpose of:
  - (1) Delivering a gun, knife, weapon, or other article that may be used in such manner to endanger the life of an offender or correctional center employee, in which case the offense is a class B felony;
    - (2) Facilitating an escape from confinement under section 575.210, in which case the offense is a class C felony; or
- 21 (3) Delivering a controlled substance, as that term is
  22 defined under section 195.010, in which case the offense is a
  23 class D felony.
- 5. Each correctional center shall post a sign warning of
  the provisions of this section. The sign shall be at least
  eleven inches by fourteen inches and posted in a conspicuous
  place.
- 491.016. A statement made by a witness that is not

proceeding in the courts of this state as substantive evidence to

prove the truth of the matter asserted if the court finds, by a

preponderance of the evidence in a hearing conducted outside the

presence of the jury and before trial, that the defendant engaged

otherwise admissible is admissible in evidence in a criminal

- 6 <u>in or acquiesced to wrongdoing with the purpose of preventing the</u>
- 7 witness from testifying in any proceeding and the witness fails
- 8 <u>to appear.</u>

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- 491.641. 1. (1) There is hereby created in the state 9 10 treasury the "Pretrial Witness Protection Services Fund", which 11 shall consist of moneys collected under this section. The state 12 treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve 13 14 disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and money in 15 the fund shall be used solely by the department of public safety 16 for the purposes of witness protection services pursuant to this 17 section.
  - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund.
  - (3) The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.
  - 2. Any law enforcement agency may provide for the security of witnesses, potential witnesses, and their immediate families in criminal proceedings instituted or investigations pending against a person alleged to have engaged in a violation of state

- 1 law. Providing for witnesses may include provision of housing
- 2 <u>facilities and for the health, safety, and welfare of such</u>
- 3 witnesses and their immediate families, if testimony by such a
- 4 witness might subject the witness or a member of his or her
- 5 <u>immediate family to danger of bodily injury</u>, and may continue so
- 6 long as such danger exists. Subject to appropriations from the
- 7 general assembly for the purposes provided for in this section,
- 8 <u>funds may be appropriated from the pretrial witness protection</u>
- 9 services fund.
- 10 <u>3. The department of public safety may authorize funds to</u>
- 11 be disbursed to law enforcement agencies for the purchase,
- 12 <u>rental</u>, or modification of protected housing facilities for the
- 13 purpose of this section. The law enforcement agency may contract
- with any department of federal or state government to obtain or
- to provide the facilities or services to carry out this section.
- 16 4. The department of public safety may authorize
- expenditures for law enforcement agencies to provide for the
- health, safety, and welfare of witnesses and victims, and the
- families of such witnesses and victims, whenever testimony from,
- or a willingness to testify by, such a witness or victim would
- 21 place the life of such person, or a member of his or her family
- or household, in jeopardy. A law enforcement agency shall submit
- an application to the department of public safety which shall
- 24 include, but not necessarily be limited to:
- 25 <u>(1) Statement of conditions which qualify persons for</u>
- 26 protection;
- 27 (2) Precise methods the originating agency will use to
- 28 provide protection, including relocation of persons and

- 1 reciprocal agreements with other law enforcement agencies; and
- 2 (3) Statement of the projected costs over a specified
- 3 period of time.
- 4 544.170. 1. All persons arrested and confined in any jail
- 5 or other place of confinement by any peace officer, without
- 6 warrant or other process, for any alleged breach of the peace or
- 7 other criminal offense, or on suspicion thereof, shall be
- 8 discharged from said custody within twenty-four hours from the
- 9 time of such arrest, unless they shall be charged with a criminal
- offense by the oath of some credible person, and be held by
- 11 warrant to answer to such offense.
- 12 2. In any confinement to which the provisions of this
- section apply, the confinee shall be permitted at any reasonable
- 14 time to consult with counsel or other persons acting on the
- 15 confinee's behalf.
- 3. Any person who violates the provisions of this section,
- by refusing to release any person who is entitled to release
- 18 pursuant to this section, or by refusing to permit a confinee to
- 19 consult with counsel or other persons, or who transfers any such
- 20 confinees to the custody or control of another, or to another
- 21 place, or who falsely charges such person, with intent to avoid
- 22 the provisions of this section, is guilty of a class A
- 23 misdemeanor.
- 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this
- 25 <u>section to the contrary, all persons arrested and confined in any</u>
- jail or other place of confinement by any peace officer, without
- 27 warrant or other process, for a criminal offense involving a
- dangerous felony or deadly weapon as defined in section 556.061,

- or on suspicion thereof, shall be discharged from said custody
- 2 within forty-eight hours from the time of such arrest, unless
- 3 they shall be charged with a criminal offense by the oath of some
- 4 credible person, and be held by warrant to answer to such
- 5 <u>offense.</u>
- 6 545.140. 1. Notwithstanding Missouri supreme court rule
- 7 24.06, two or more defendants may be charged in the same
- 8 indictment or information if they are alleged to have
- 9 participated in the same act or transaction or in the same series
- of acts or transactions constituting an offense. Such defendants
- 11 may be charged in one or more counts together or separately and
- 12 all of the defendants need not be charged in each count.
- 2. Notwithstanding Missouri supreme court rule 24.07, two
- or more offenses may be charged in the same indictment or
- information in a separate count for each offense if the offenses
- 16 charged, whether felonies or misdemeanors or infractions, or any
- 17 combination thereof, are of the same or similar character or are
- 18 based on the same act or transaction or on two or more acts or
- 19 transactions connected together or constituting parts of a common
- 20 scheme or plan.
- 3. Two or more defendants shall not be charged in the same
- 22 indictment or information if substantial prejudice should result.
- 23 For purposes of this section, "substantial prejudice" shall mean
- a bias or discrimination against one or more defendants or the
- 25 state which is actually existing or real and not one which is
- 26 merely imaginary, illusionary or nominal.
- 27 4. If two or more defendants are charged with being joint
- 28 participants in a conspiracy charged under section 562.014, it

- shall be presumed that there is no substantial prejudice from
- 2 them being charged in the same indictment or information or from
- 3 them being tried together.
- 4 550.125. 1. There is hereby created in the state treasury
- 5 the "Change of Venue for Capital Cases Fund", which shall consist
- of moneys appropriated to the fund by the general assembly. The
- 7 office of state courts administrator shall administer and
- 8 <u>disburse moneys in the fund in accordance with subsection 2 of</u>
- 9 this section. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and, upon
- appropriation, moneys in the fund shall be used solely for the
- 11 administration of this section. Notwithstanding the provisions
- of section 33.080, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of
- the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general
- 14 <u>revenue fund. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the</u>
- 15 <u>fund in the same manner as other funds are invested.</u> Any
- 16 interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited
- 17 to the fund.
- 18 2. In a capital case in which a change of venue is taken
- 19 from one county to any other county, at the conclusion of such
- 20 case the county to which the case was transferred may apply to
- 21 the office of state courts administrator for reimbursement from
- the change of venue for capital cases fund any costs associated
- 23 with the sequestering of jurors. The costs of reimbursement
- 24 shall not exceed the then approved state rates for travel
- 25 reimbursement for lodging and meals.
- 26 3. The office of state courts administrator shall develop
- an application process and other procedures to determine if a
- 28 county is eligible for reimbursement under this section. If a

- 1 county is eligible for reimbursement, the office of state courts
- 2 administrator shall disburse such moneys to the county. In the
- 3 event that the amount disbursed is less than the costs set out in
- 4 this section, the original county shall reimburse the county to
- 5 which the case was transferred for the difference. If the office
- 6 of state courts administrator determines a county is not eligible
- 7 <u>for reimbursement under this section</u>, the county in which the
- 8 capital case originated shall be responsible for reimbursement.
- 9 4. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined
- in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated
- in this section shall become effective only if it complies with
- 12 and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if
- applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are
- 14 nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the general
- assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the
- 16 effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are
- subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking
- authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2020,
- 19 <u>shall be invalid and void.</u>
- 556.061. In this code, unless the context requires a
- 21 different definition, the following terms shall mean:
- 22 (1) "Access", to instruct, communicate with, store data in,
- 23 retrieve or extract data from, or otherwise make any use of any
- 24 resources of, a computer, computer system, or computer network;
- 25 (2) "Affirmative defense":
- 26 (a) The defense referred to is not submitted to the trier
- of fact unless supported by evidence; and
- 28 (b) If the defense is submitted to the trier of fact the

- defendant has the burden of persuasion that the defense is more probably true than not;
- 3 (3) "Burden of injecting the issue":

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- 4 (a) The issue referred to is not submitted to the trier of fact unless supported by evidence; and
  - (b) If the issue is submitted to the trier of fact any reasonable doubt on the issue requires a finding for the defendant on that issue;
- 9 (4) "Commercial film and photographic print processor", any
  10 person who develops exposed photographic film into negatives,
  11 slides or prints, or who makes prints from negatives or slides,
  12 for compensation. The term commercial film and photographic
  13 print processor shall include all employees of such persons but
  14 shall not include a person who develops film or makes prints for
  15 a public agency;
- 16 (5) "Computer", the box that houses the central processing unit (CPU), along with any internal storage devices, such as 17 internal hard drives, and internal communication devices, such as 18 19 internal modems capable of sending or receiving electronic mail 20 or fax cards, along with any other hardware stored or housed 21 Thus, computer refers to hardware, software and data internally. 22 contained in the main unit. Printers, external modems attached 23 by cable to the main unit, monitors, and other external attachments will be referred to collectively as peripherals and 24 25 discussed individually when appropriate. When the computer and 26 all peripherals are referred to as a package, the term "computer system" is used. Information refers to all the information on a 27 28 computer system including both software applications and data;

- 1 (6) "Computer equipment", computers, terminals, data 2 storage devices, and all other computer hardware associated with 3 a computer system or network;
- "Computer hardware", all equipment which can collect, 5 analyze, create, display, convert, store, conceal or transmit electronic, magnetic, optical or similar computer impulses or 6 7 Hardware includes, but is not limited to, any data processing devices, such as central processing units, memory 8 9 typewriters and self-contained laptop or notebook computers; 10 internal and peripheral storage devices, transistor-like binary devices and other memory storage devices, such as floppy disks, 11 12 removable disks, compact disks, digital video disks, magnetic tape, hard drive, optical disks and digital memory; local area 13 14 networks, such as two or more computers connected together to a 15 central computer server via cable or modem; peripheral input or 16 output devices, such as keyboards, printers, scanners, plotters, 17 video display monitors and optical readers; and related communication devices, such as modems, cables and connections, 18 19 recording equipment, RAM or ROM units, acoustic couplers, automatic dialers, speed dialers, programmable telephone dialing 20 21 or signaling devices and electronic tone-generating devices; as 22 well as any devices, mechanisms or parts that can be used to 23 restrict access to computer hardware, such as physical keys and 24 locks:
  - (8) "Computer network", two or more interconnected computers or computer systems;

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(9) "Computer program", a set of instructions, statements, or related data that directs or is intended to direct a computer

- 1 to perform certain functions;
- 2 (10) "Computer software", digital information which can be
- 3 interpreted by a computer and any of its related components to
- 4 direct the way they work. Software is stored in electronic,
- 5 magnetic, optical or other digital form. The term commonly
- 6 includes programs to run operating systems and applications, such
- 7 as word processing, graphic, or spreadsheet programs, utilities,
- 8 compilers, interpreters and communications programs;
- 9 (11) "Computer-related documentation", written, recorded,
- 10 printed or electronically stored material which explains or
- illustrates how to configure or use computer hardware, software
- 12 or other related items;
- 13 (12) "Computer system", a set of related, connected or
- 14 unconnected, computer equipment, data, or software;
- 15 "Confinement":
- 16 (a) A person is in confinement when such person is held in
- a place of confinement pursuant to arrest or order of a court,
- 18 and remains in confinement until:
- a. A court orders the person's release; or
- b. The person is released on bail, bond, or recognizance,
- 21 personal or otherwise; or
- 22 c. A public servant having the legal power and duty to
- 23 confine the person authorizes his release without guard and
- 24 without condition that he return to confinement;
- 25 (b) A person is not in confinement if:
- 26 a. The person is on probation or parole, temporary or
- 27 otherwise; or
- 28 b. The person is under sentence to serve a term of

- 1 confinement which is not continuous, or is serving a sentence
- 2 under a work-release program, and in either such case is not
- 3 being held in a place of confinement or is not being held under
- 4 guard by a person having the legal power and duty to transport
- 5 the person to or from a place of confinement;

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- 6 (14) "Consent": consent or lack of consent may be
  7 expressed or implied. Assent does not constitute consent if:
- 8 (a) It is given by a person who lacks the mental capacity
  9 to authorize the conduct charged to constitute the offense and
  10 such mental incapacity is manifest or known to the actor; or
  - (b) It is given by a person who by reason of youth, mental disease or defect, intoxication, a drug-induced state, or any other reason is manifestly unable or known by the actor to be unable to make a reasonable judgment as to the nature or harmfulness of the conduct charged to constitute the offense; or
    - (c) It is induced by force, duress or deception;
- 17 (15) "Controlled substance", a drug, substance, or
  18 immediate precursor in schedules I through V as defined in
  19 chapter 195;
  - (16) "Criminal negligence", failure to be aware of a substantial and unjustifiable risk that circumstances exist or a result will follow, and such failure constitutes a gross deviation from the standard of care which a reasonable person would exercise in the situation;
  - (17) "Custody", a person is in custody when he or she has been arrested but has not been delivered to a place of confinement;
- 28 (18) "Damage", when used in relation to a computer system

or network, means any alteration, deletion, or destruction of any part of the computer system or network;

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"Dangerous felony", the felonies of arson in the first degree, assault in the first degree, attempted rape in the first degree if physical injury results, attempted forcible rape if physical injury results, attempted sodomy in the first degree if physical injury results, attempted forcible sodomy if physical injury results, rape in the first degree, forcible rape, sodomy in the first degree, forcible sodomy, assault in the second degree if the victim of such assault is a special victim as defined in subdivision (14) of section 565.002, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping, murder in the second degree, assault of a law enforcement officer in the first degree, domestic assault in the first degree, elder abuse in the first degree, robbery in the first degree, armed criminal action, conspiracy to commit an offense when the offense is a dangerous felony, vehicle hijacking when punished as a class A felony, statutory rape in the first degree when the victim is a child less than twelve years of age at the time of the commission of the act giving rise to the offense, statutory sodomy in the first degree when the victim is a child less than twelve years of age at the time of the commission of the act giving rise to the offense, child molestation in the first or second degree, abuse of a child if the child dies as a result of injuries sustained from conduct chargeable under section 568.060, child kidnapping, parental kidnapping committed by detaining or concealing the whereabouts of the child for not less than one hundred twenty days under section 565.153, and an "intoxication-related traffic offense" or

- 1 "intoxication-related boating offense" if the person is found to
- 2 be a "habitual offender" or "habitual boating offender" as such
- 3 terms are defined in section 577.001;
- 4 (20) "Dangerous instrument", any instrument, article or
- 5 substance, which, under the circumstances in which it is used, is
- 6 readily capable of causing death or other serious physical
- 7 injury;
- 8 (21) "Data", a representation of information, facts,
- 9 knowledge, concepts, or instructions prepared in a formalized or
- 10 other manner and intended for use in a computer or computer
- 11 network. Data may be in any form including, but not limited to,
- 12 printouts, microfiche, magnetic storage media, punched cards and
- as may be stored in the memory of a computer;
- 14 (22) "Deadly weapon", any firearm, loaded or unloaded, or
- any weapon from which a shot, readily capable of producing death
- or serious physical injury, may be discharged, or a switchblade
- 17 knife, dagger, billy club, blackjack or metal knuckles;
- 18 (23) "Digital camera", a camera that records images in a
- 19 format which enables the images to be downloaded into a computer;
- 20 (24) "Disability", a mental, physical, or developmental
- 21 impairment that substantially limits one or more major life
- 22 activities or the ability to provide adequately for one's care or
- 23 protection, whether the impairment is congenital or acquired by
- 24 accident, injury or disease, where such impairment is verified by
- 25 medical findings;
- 26 (25) "Elderly person", a person sixty years of age or
- 27 older:
- 28 (26) "Felony", an offense so designated or an offense for

- 1 which persons found guilty thereof may be sentenced to death or
- 2 imprisonment for a term of more than one year;
- 3 (27) "Forcible compulsion" either:
- 4 (a) Physical force that overcomes reasonable resistance; or
- 5 (b) A threat, express or implied, that places a person in
- 6 reasonable fear of death, serious physical injury or kidnapping
- 7 of such person or another person;
- 8 (28) "Incapacitated", a temporary or permanent physical or
- 9 mental condition in which a person is unconscious, unable to
- 10 appraise the nature of his or her conduct, or unable to
- 11 communicate unwillingness to an act;
- 12 (29) "Infraction", a violation defined by this code or by
- any other statute of this state if it is so designated or if no
- sentence other than a fine, or fine and forfeiture or other civil
- 15 penalty, is authorized upon conviction;
- 16 (30) "Inhabitable structure", a vehicle, vessel or
- 17 structure:
- 18 (a) Where any person lives or carries on business or other
- 19 calling; or
- 20 (b) Where people assemble for purposes of business,
- 21 government, education, religion, entertainment, or public
- 22 transportation; or
- 23 (c) Which is used for overnight accommodation of persons.
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- 25 Any such vehicle, vessel, or structure is inhabitable regardless
- of whether a person is actually present. If a building or
- 27 structure is divided into separately occupied units, any unit not
- occupied by the actor is an inhabitable structure of another;

- 1 (31) "Knowingly", when used with respect to:
- 2 (a) Conduct or attendant circumstances, means a person is
- 3 aware of the nature of his or her conduct or that those
- 4 circumstances exist; or

- (b) A result of conduct, means a person is aware that his or her conduct is practically certain to cause that result;
- 7 (32) "Law enforcement officer", any public servant having
- 8 both the power and duty to make arrests for violations of the
- 9 laws of this state, and federal law enforcement officers
- 10 authorized to carry firearms and to make arrests for violations
- of the laws of the United States;
- 12 (33) "Misdemeanor", an offense so designated or an offense
- for which persons found guilty thereof may be sentenced to
- imprisonment for a term of which the maximum is one year or less;
- 15 (34) "Of another", property that any entity, including but
- not limited to any natural person, corporation, limited liability
- 17 company, partnership, association, governmental subdivision or
- instrumentality, other than the actor, has a possessory or
- 19 proprietary interest therein, except that property shall not be
- deemed property of another who has only a security interest
- 21 therein, even if legal title is in the creditor pursuant to a
- 22 conditional sales contract or other security arrangement;
- 23 (35) "Offense", any felony or misdemeanor;
- 24 (36) "Physical injury", slight impairment of any function
- of the body or temporary loss of use of any part of the body;
- 26 (37) "Place of confinement", any building or facility and
- 27 the grounds thereof wherein a court is legally authorized to
- order that a person charged with or convicted of a crime be held;

constructive possession of an object with knowledge of its presence. A person has actual possession if such person has the object on his or her person or within easy reach and convenient control. A person has constructive possession if such person has the power and the intention at a given time to exercise dominion or control over the object either directly or through another person or persons. Possession may also be sole or joint. If one person alone has possession of an object, possession is sole. If two or more persons share possession of an object, possession is joint;

- (39) "Property", anything of value, whether real or personal, tangible or intangible, in possession or in action;
  - (40) "Public servant", any person employed in any way by a government of this state who is compensated by the government by reason of such person's employment, any person appointed to a position with any government of this state, or any person elected to a position with any government of this state. It includes, but is not limited to, legislators, jurors, members of the judiciary and law enforcement officers. It does not include witnesses;
  - (41) "Purposely", when used with respect to a person's conduct or to a result thereof, means when it is his or her conscious object to engage in that conduct or to cause that result;
  - (42) "Recklessly", consciously disregarding a substantial and unjustifiable risk that circumstances exist or that a result will follow, and such disregard constitutes a gross deviation

from the standard of care which a reasonable person would exercise in the situation;

medical or psychological certainty;

- 3 (43) "Serious emotional injury", an injury that creates a
  4 substantial risk of temporary or permanent medical or
  5 psychological damage, manifested by impairment of a behavioral,
  6 cognitive or physical condition. Serious emotional injury shall
  7 be established by testimony of qualified experts upon the
  8 reasonable expectation of probable harm to a reasonable degree of
- 10 (44) "Serious physical injury", physical injury that
  11 creates a substantial risk of death or that causes serious
  12 disfigurement or protracted loss or impairment of the function of
  13 any part of the body;
  - (45) "Services", when used in relation to a computer system or network, means use of a computer, computer system, or computer network and includes, but is not limited to, computer time, data processing, and storage or retrieval functions;
  - (46) "Sexual orientation", male or female heterosexuality, homosexuality or bisexuality by inclination, practice, identity or expression, or having a self-image or identity not traditionally associated with one's gender;
- 22 (47) "Vehicle", a self-propelled mechanical device designed 23 to carry a person or persons, excluding vessels or aircraft;
  - (48) "Vessel", any boat or craft propelled by a motor or by machinery, whether or not such motor or machinery is a principal source of propulsion used or capable of being used as a means of transportation on water, or any boat or craft more than twelve feet in length which is powered by sail alone or by a combination

- of sail and machinery, and used or capable of being used as a
- 2 means of transportation on water, but not any boat or craft
- 3 having, as the only means of propulsion, a paddle or oars;
- 4 (49) "Voluntary act":
- 5 (a) A bodily movement performed while conscious as a result
- of effort or determination. Possession is a voluntary act if the
- 7 possessor knowingly procures or receives the thing possessed, or
- 8 having acquired control of it was aware of his or her control for
- 9 a sufficient time to have enabled him or her to dispose of it or
- 10 terminate his or her control; or
- 11 (b) An omission to perform an act of which the actor is
- 12 physically capable. A person is not quilty of an offense based
- solely upon an omission to perform an act unless the law defining
- 14 the offense expressly so provides, or a duty to perform the
- omitted act is otherwise imposed by law;
- 16 (50) "Vulnerable person", any person in the custody, care,
- or control of the department of mental health who is receiving
- 18 services from an operated, funded, licensed, or certified
- 19 program.
- 20 557.021. 1. Any offense defined outside this code which is
- 21 declared to be a misdemeanor without specification of the penalty
- therefor is a class A misdemeanor.
- 2. Any offense defined outside this code which is declared
- 24 to be a felony without specification of the penalty therefor is a
- 25 class E felony.
- 3. For the purpose of applying the extended term provisions
- of section 558.016 and the minimum prison term provisions of
- 28 section 558.019 and for determining the penalty for attempts [and

- 1 conspiracies], offenses defined outside of this code shall be
- 2 classified as follows:
- 3 (1) If the offense is a felony:
- 4 (a) It is a class A felony if the authorized penalty
- 5 includes death, life imprisonment or imprisonment for a term of
- 6 twenty years or more;
- 7 (b) It is a class B felony if the maximum term of
- 8 imprisonment authorized exceeds ten years but is less than twenty
- 9 years;
- 10 (c) It is a class C felony if the maximum term of
- 11 imprisonment authorized is ten years;
- 12 (d) It is a class D felony if the maximum term of
- imprisonment exceeds four years but is less than ten years;
- 14 (e) It is a class E felony if the maximum term of
- imprisonment is four years or less;
- 16 (2) If the offense is a misdemeanor:
- 17 (a) It is a class A misdemeanor if the authorized
- imprisonment exceeds six months in jail;
- 19 (b) It is a class B misdemeanor if the authorized
- imprisonment exceeds thirty days but is not more than six months;
- 21 (c) It is a class C misdemeanor if the authorized
- 22 imprisonment is thirty days or less;
- 23 (d) It is a class D misdemeanor if it includes a mental
- 24 state as an element of the offense and there is no authorized
- 25 imprisonment;
- 26 (e) It is an infraction if there is no authorized
- 27 imprisonment.
- 28 <u>557.045.</u> No person found quilty of, or pleading quilty to,

- 1 the following offenses shall be eligible for probation, suspended
- 2 imposition or execution of sentence, or conditional release, and
- 3 <u>shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment pursuant to</u>
- 4 subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of section 557.011:
- 5 (1) Second degree murder when a person knowingly causes the
- 6 death of another person or, with the purpose of causing serious
- 7 physical injury to another person, causes the death of another
- 8 person, as defined in subdivision (1) of subsection 1 in section
- 9 565.021;
- 10 (2) Any dangerous felony, as the term is defined in section
- 556.061, where the person has been previously found quilty of a
- class A or B felony or a dangerous felony; or
- 13 (3) Any dangerous felony, as the term is defined in section
- 14 <u>556.061</u>, where the commission of the felony involves the use of a
- deadly weapon, as that term is defined in section 556.061.
- 16 562.014. 1. [Guilt for an offense may be based upon a
- 17 conspiracy to commit an offense when a person, with the purpose
- 18 of promoting or facilitating the commission of an offense, agrees
- 19 with another person or persons that they or one or more of them
- 20 <u>will engage in conduct which constitutes such offense</u>] <u>A person</u>
- commits the offense of conspiracy to commit, in any manner or for
- any purpose, an offense if the person agrees, with one or more
- persons, to commit any class A, B, or C felony offense, or any
- 24 unclassified felony offenses if the maximum term of imprisonment
- for such unclassified felony exceeds ten years or more, and one
- or more of such persons do any act in furtherance of such an
- 27 agreement.
- 28 2. It is no defense to a prosecution for conspiring to

- commit an offense that a person, who knows that a person with
  whom he or she conspires to commit an offense has conspired with
- another person or persons to commit the same offense, does not
- 4 know the identity of such other person or persons.

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agreement.

- 3. If a person conspires to commit a number of offenses, he or she can be found guilty of only one offense of conspiracy so long as such multiple offenses are the object of the same
- 9 4. [No person may be convicted of an offense based upon a

  10 conspiracy to commit an offense unless an overt act in pursuance

  11 of such conspiracy is alleged and proved to have been done by him

  12 or her or by a person with whom he or she conspired.
- 13 5.] (1) No person shall be convicted of [an offense based

  14 upon a] conspiracy to commit an offense if, after conspiring to

  15 commit the offense, he or she prevented the accomplishment of the

  16 objectives of the conspiracy under circumstances manifesting a

  17 renunciation of his or her criminal purpose.
  - (2) The defendant shall have the burden of injecting the issue of renunciation of criminal purpose under subdivision (1) of this subsection.
  - [6.] <u>5.</u> For the purpose of time limitations on prosecutions:
    - (1) A conspiracy to commit an offense is a continuing course of conduct which terminates when the offense or offenses which are its object are committed or the agreement that they be committed is abandoned by the defendant and by those with whom he or she conspired;
      - (2) If an individual abandons the agreement, the conspiracy

is terminated as to him or her only if he or she advises those
with whom he or she has conspired of his or her abandonment or he
or she informs the law enforcement authorities of the existence
of the conspiracy and of his or her participation in it.

on the basis of the same course of conduct of both the actual commission of an offense and a conspiracy to commit that offense.

8. Unless otherwise set forth in the statute creating the offense, when guilt for a felony or misdemeanor is based upon a conspiracy to commit that offense, the felony or misdemeanor shall be classified one step lower than the class provided for the felony or misdemeanor in the statute creating the offense!

- 6. The offense of conspiracy to commit an offense is a class C felony.
- 570.027. 1. A person commits the offense of vehicle
  hijacking when he or she knowingly uses or threatens the use of
  physical force upon another person to seize or attempt to seize
  possession or control of a vehicle, as defined in section
  302.010, from the immediate possession or control of another
  person.
  - 2. The offense of vehicle hijacking is a class B felony unless it meets one of the criteria listed in subsection 3 of this section.
  - 3. The offense of vehicle hijacking is a class A felony if, in the course thereof, a person or another participant in the offense:
- 27 (1) Causes serious physical injury to any person in 28 immediate possession, control, or presence of the vehicle;

- (2) Is armed with a deadly weapon;
- 2 (3) Uses or threatens the immediate use of a dangerous
- 3 instrument against any person;

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- 4 (4) Displays or threatens the use of what appears to be a
  5 deadly weapon or dangerous instrument; or
- 6 (5) Seizes a vehicle, or attempts to seize a vehicle, in
  7 which a child or special victim as defined in section 565.002 is
  8 present.
  - 571.015. 1. [Except as provided in subsection 4 of this section, Any person who commits any felony under the laws of this state by, with, or through the use, assistance, or aid of a dangerous instrument or deadly weapon is also guilty of the [crime] offense of armed criminal action and, upon conviction, shall be punished by imprisonment by the department of corrections [and human resources] for a term of not less than three years and not to exceed fifteen years, unless the person is unlawfully possessing a firearm, in which case the term of imprisonment shall be for a term of not less than five years. The punishment imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be in addition to and consecutive to any punishment provided by law for the crime committed by, with, or through the use, assistance, or aid of a dangerous instrument or deadly weapon. No person convicted under this subsection shall be eligible for parole, probation, conditional release or suspended imposition or execution of sentence for a period of three calendar years.
    - 2. Any person convicted of a second offense of armed criminal action <u>under subsection 1 of this section</u> shall be punished by imprisonment by the department of corrections [and

human resources] for a term of not less than five years and not to exceed thirty years, unless the person is unlawfully possessing a firearm, in which case the term of imprisonment shall be for a term not less than fifteen years. The punishment imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be in addition to and consecutive to any punishment provided by law for the crime committed by, with, or through the use, assistance, or aid of a dangerous instrument or deadly weapon. No person convicted under this subsection shall be eligible for parole, probation, conditional release or suspended imposition or execution of sentence for a period of five calendar years. 

- 3. Any person convicted of a third or subsequent offense of armed criminal action <u>under subsection 1 of this section</u> shall be punished by imprisonment by the department of corrections [and human resources] for a term of not less than ten years, <u>unless the person is unlawfully possessing a firearm</u>, in which case the term of imprisonment shall be no less than fifteen years. The punishment imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be in addition to <u>and consecutive to</u> any punishment provided by law for the crime committed by, with, or through the use, assistance, or aid of a dangerous instrument or deadly weapon. No person convicted under this subsection shall be eligible for parole, probation, conditional release or suspended imposition or execution of sentence for a period of ten calendar years.
- [4. The provisions of this section shall not apply to the felonies defined in sections 564.590, 564.610, 564.620, 564.630, and 564.640.]
- 571.070. 1. A person commits the offense of unlawful

- 1 possession of a firearm if such person knowingly has any firearm
- 2 in his or her possession and:
- 3 (1) Such person has been convicted of a felony under the
- 4 laws of this state, or of a crime under the laws of any state or
- of the United States which, if committed within this state, would
- 6 be a felony; or
- 7 (2) Such person is a fugitive from justice, is habitually
- 8 in an intoxicated or drugged condition, or is currently adjudged
- 9 mentally incompetent.
- 10 2. Unlawful possession of a firearm is a class D felony,
- 11 <u>unless a person has been convicted of a dangerous felony as</u>
- defined in section 556.061, in which case it is a class C felony.
- 3. The provisions of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of
- 14 this section shall not apply to the possession of an antique
- 15 firearm.
- 16 577.800. 1. A person commits the offense of unlawful use
- of unmanned aircraft over an open air facility if he or she
- 18 purposely:
- 19 (1) Operates an unmanned aircraft within a vertical
- 20 distance of four hundred feet from the ground and within the
- 21 property line of an open air facility; or
- 22 (2) Uses an unmanned aircraft with the purpose of
- 23 delivering to a person within an open air facility any object
- described in subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 4 of this
- 25 section.
- 26 2. For purposes of this section, "open air facility" shall
- 27 mean any sports, theater, music, performing arts, or other
- entertainment facility with a capacity of five thousand people or

- 1 more and is not completely enclosed by a roof or other structure.
- 2 3. The provisions of this section shall not prohibit the
- 3 operation of an unmanned aircraft by:
- 4 (1) An employee of an open air facility at the direction of
- 5 the president or chief executive officer of the open air
- 6 facility;
- 7 (2) A person who has written consent from the president or
- 8 <u>chief executive officer of the open air facility;</u>
- 9 (3) An employee of a law enforcement agency, fire
- department, or emergency medical service in the exercise of
- 11 official duties;
- 12 (4) A government official or employee in the exercise of
- 13 official duties;
- 14 <u>(5) A public utility or a rural</u> electric cooperative if:
- 15 (a) The unmanned aircraft is used for the purpose of
- inspecting, repairing, or maintaining utility transmission or
- distribution lines, other utility equipment, or infrastructure;
- 18 (b) The utility or cooperative notifies the open air
- 19 facility before flying the unmanned aircraft, except during an
- 20 emergency; and
- 21 (c) The person operating the unmanned aircraft does not
- 22 physically enter the prohibited space without an escort provided
- 23 by the open air facility; or
- 24 (6) An employee of a railroad in the exercise of official
- 25 duties on any land owned or operated by a railroad corporation
- 26 regulated by the federal railroad administration.
- 27 4. The offense of unlawful use of unmanned aircraft over an
- open air facility shall be punishable as an infraction unless the

- 1 person uses an unmanned aircraft for:
- 2 (1) Delivering a gun, knife, weapon, or other article that
- 3 <u>may be used in such manner to endanger the life of an employee or</u>
- 4 guest at an open air facility, in which case the offense is a
- 5 class B felony; or
- 6 (2) Delivering a controlled substance, as that term is
- 7 defined in chapter 195, in which case the offense is a class D
- 8 felony.
- 5. Each open air facility shall post a sign warning of the
- 10 provisions of this section. The sign shall be at least eleven
- inches by fourteen inches and posted in a conspicuous place.
- 12 578.419. Sections 578.419 to 578.437 shall be known and may
- 13 be cited as the "Missouri Criminal Street Gangs Prevention Act".
- 14 578.421. As used in sections 578.421 to 578.437, the
- 15 following terms mean:
- 16 (1) "Criminal street gang", any ongoing organization,
- association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal or
- informal, having as one of its [primary] motivating activities
- 19 the commission of one or more of the criminal acts enumerated in
- 20 subdivision (2) of this section, [which has a common name or
- 21 common identifying sign or symbol, whose members individually or
- 22 collectively engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal
- 23 gang activity;
- 24 (2) "Pattern of criminal street gang activity", the
- 25 commission, attempted commission, or solicitation of two or more
- of the following offenses, provided at least one of those
- offenses occurred after August 28, 1993, and the last of those
- offenses occurred within three years after a prior offense, and

- 1 the offenses are committed on separate occasions, or by two or
- 2 more persons:
- 3 (a) Assault with a deadly weapon or by means of force
- 4 likely to cause serious physical injury, as provided in sections
- 5 565.050 and 565.052;
- 6 (b) Robbery, arson and those offenses under chapter 569
- 7 which are related to robbery and arson;
- 8 (c) Murder or manslaughter, as provided in sections 565.020
- 9 to 565.024;
- 10 (d) Any violation of the provisions of chapter 579 which
- involves the distribution, delivery or manufacture of a substance
- 12 prohibited by chapter 579;
- (e) Unlawful use of a weapon which is a felony pursuant to
- 14 section 571.030;
- 15 (f) Tampering with witnesses and victims, as provided in
- 16 section 575.270;
- 17 (g) Promoting online sexual solicitation, as provided in
- 18 section 566.103;
- 19 (h) Sexual trafficking of a child in the first degree, as
- 20 provided in section 566.210;
- 21 (i) Sexual trafficking of a child in the second degree, as
- 22 provided in section 566.211;
- 23 (j) Patronizing prostitution, as provided in subsection 4
- 24 of section 567.030;
- 25 (k) Promoting prostitution in the first degree, as provided
- 26 in section 567.050;
- 27 (1) Promoting prostitution in the second degree, as
- provided in section 567.060;

- 1 (m) Abuse or neglect of a child, as provided in subsection
- 2 6 of section 568.060;
- 3 (n) Sexual exploitation of a minor, as provided in section
- 4 573.023;
- 5 (o) Child used in sexual performance, as provided in
- 6 section 573.200; [or]
- 7 (p) Promoting sexual performance by a child, as provided in
- 8 section 573.205; or
- 9 (q) Any dangerous felony, as defined in section 556.061.
- 10 578.423. Any person who actively participates in any
- 11 criminal street gang with knowledge that its members engage in or
- 12 have engaged in a pattern of criminal street gang activity, and
- who willfully promotes, furthers, or assists in any felonious
- 14 criminal conduct by gang members shall be [punished by
- 15 imprisonment in the county jail for a period not to exceed one
- 16 year, or by imprisonment in a state correctional facility for
- 17 one, two, or three years] quilty of a class B felony.
- 18 578.425. Any person who is convicted of a felony [or a
- 19 misdemeanor] which is committed for the benefit of, at the
- 20 direction of, or in association with, any criminal street gang,
- 21 with the [specific intent] purpose to promote, further, or assist
- in any criminal conduct by gang members, shall be punished in the
- 23 following manner:
- 24 (1) [Any person who violates this section in the commission
- 25 of a misdemeanor shall be punished by imprisonment in the county
- 26 jail not to exceed one year, or by imprisonment in a state
- 27 correctional facility for one, two, or three years;

- of a felony shall, upon conviction of that felony, in addition
- 2 and consecutive to the punishment prescribed for the felony of
- 3 which he or she has been convicted, be punished by an additional
- 4 term of [one,] two[, or three] years [at the court's discretion].
- 5 If the underlying felony is committed on the grounds of, or
- 6 within one thousand feet of a public or private elementary,
- 7 vocational, junior high or high school, the additional term shall
- 8 be [two,] three[, or four] years[, at the court's discretion.
- 9 The court shall order the imposition of the middle term of the
- 10 sentence enhancement, unless there are circumstances in
- 11 aggravation or mitigation. The court shall state the reasons for
- 12 its choice of sentence enhancements on the record at the time of
- 13 sentencing];
- 14 (2) Any person who violates this section in the commission
- of a dangerous felony shall, upon conviction of that dangerous
- 16 <u>felony</u>, in addition and consecutive to the punishment prescribed
- for the dangerous felony of which he or she has been convicted,
- be punished by an additional term of five years;
- 19 (3) Any person who violates this section in the commission
- of a felony punishable by death or imprisonment for life shall
- 21 not be paroled until a minimum of fifteen calendar years have
- 22 been served [in the custody of the department of corrections].
- 579.065. 1. A person commits the offense of trafficking
- 24 drugs in the first degree if, except as authorized by this
- 25 chapter or chapter 195, such person knowingly distributes,
- delivers, manufactures, produces or attempts to distribute,
- 27 deliver, manufacture or produce:
- 28 (1) More than thirty grams [but less than ninety grams] of

- a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin;
- 2 (2) More than one hundred fifty grams [but less than four
- 3 hundred fifty grams] of a mixture or substance containing a
- 4 detectable amount of coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts
- of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of
- 6 ecgonine or their salts have been removed; cocaine salts and
- 7 their optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;
- 8 ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of
- 9 isomers; or any compound, mixture, or preparation which contains
- any quantity of any of the foregoing substances;
- 11 (3) More than eight grams [but less than twenty-four grams]
- of a mixture or substance described in subdivision (2) of this
- 13 subsection which contains cocaine base;
- 14 (4) More than five hundred milligrams [but less than one
- 15 gram] of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of
- 16 lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD);
- 17 (5) More than thirty grams [but less than ninety grams] of
- 18 a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of
- 19 phencyclidine (PCP);
- 20 (6) More than four grams [but less than twelve grams] of
- 21 phencyclidine;
- 22 (7) More than thirty kilograms [but less than one hundred
- 23 kilograms] of a mixture or substance containing marijuana;
- 24 (8) More than thirty grams [but less than ninety grams] of
- any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any
- quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on
- 27 the central nervous system: amphetamine, its salts, optical
- isomers and salts of its optical isomers; methamphetamine, its

- 1 salts, optical isomers and salts of its optical isomers;
- phenmetrazine and its salts; or methylphenidate; [or]
- 3 (9) More than thirty grams [but less than ninety grams] of 4 any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains
- 5 any quantity of 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine;
- 6 (10) One gram or more of flunitrazepam for the first
  7 offense;
- 8 <u>(11) Any amount of gamma-hydroxybutyric acid for the first</u> 9 <u>offense; or</u>
- 10 (12) More than ten milligrams of fentanyl or carfentanil,
  11 or any derivative thereof, or any combination thereof, or any
  12 compound, mixture, or substance containing a detectable amount of
  13 fentanyl or carfentanil, or their optical isomers or analogues.
- 2. The offense of trafficking drugs in the first degree is a class B felony.
- 3. The offense of trafficking drugs in the first degree is a class A felony if the quantity involved is:
  - (1) Ninety grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin; or

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(2) Four hundred fifty grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed; cocaine salts and their optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers; ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or any compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of any of the foregoing substances; or

- 1 (3) Twenty-four grams or more of a mixture or substance 2 described in subdivision (2) of this subsection which contains 3 cocaine base; or
  - (4) One gram or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD); or
  - (5) Ninety grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of phencyclidine (PCP); or

- (6) Twelve grams or more of phencyclidine; or
- (7) One hundred kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing marijuana; or
  - (8) Ninety grams or more of any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system: amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers and salts of its optical isomers; methamphetamine, its salts, optical isomers and salts of its optical isomers; phenmetrazine and its salts; or methylphenidate; or
  - (9) More than thirty grams of any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system: amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its optical isomers; methamphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its optical isomers; phenmetrazine and its salts; or methylphenidate, and the location of the offense was within two thousand feet of real property comprising a public or private elementary, vocational, or secondary school, college, community college, university, or any school bus, in or on the real property comprising public housing or any other governmental

- assisted housing, or within a motor vehicle, or in any structure or building which contains rooms furnished for the accommodation or lodging of guests, and kept, used, maintained, advertised, or held out to the public as a place where sleeping accommodations
- 5 are sought for pay or compensation to transient guests or
- 6 permanent guests; or

permanent quests; or

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- 7 (10) Ninety grams or more of any material, compound, 8 mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of 9 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine; or
- 10 More than thirty grams of any material, compound, 11 mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of 12 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine and the location of the offense was within two thousand feet of real property comprising a public 13 14 or private elementary, vocational, or secondary school, college, 15 community college, university, or any school bus, in or on the 16 real property comprising public housing or any other governmental 17 assisted housing, within a motor vehicle, or in any structure or building which contains rooms furnished for the accommodation or 18 19 lodging of guests, and kept, used, maintained, advertised, or 20 held out to the public as a place where sleeping accommodations 21 are sought for pay or compensation to transient guests or
  - (12) One gram or more of flunitrazepam for a second or subsequent offense; or
- 25 <u>(13) Any amount of gamma-hydroxybutyric acid for a second</u> 26 or subsequent offense; or
- 27 (14) Twenty milligrams or more of fentanyl or carfentanil, 28 or any derivative thereof, or any combination thereof, or any

- 1 <u>compound, mixture, or substance containing a detectable amount of</u> 2 fentanyl or carfentanil, or their optical isomers or analogues.
- 579.068. 1. A person commits the offense of trafficking drugs in the second degree if, except as authorized by this chapter or chapter 195, such person knowingly possesses or has under his or her control, purchases or attempts to purchase, or brings into this state:
  - (1) More than thirty grams [but less than ninety grams] of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin;

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- hundred fifty grams] of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed; cocaine salts and their optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers; ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or any compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of any of the foregoing substances;
- (3) More than eight grams [but less than twenty-four grams] of a mixture or substance described in subdivision (2) of this subsection which contains cocaine base;
- (4) More than five hundred milligrams [but less than one gram] of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD);
- 25 (5) More than thirty grams [but less than ninety grams] of 26 a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of 27 phencyclidine (PCP);
- 28 (6) More than four grams [but less than twelve grams] of

1 phencyclidine;

- 2 (7) More than thirty kilograms [but less than one hundred kilograms] of a mixture or substance containing marijuana;
- 4 (8) More than thirty grams [but less than ninety grams] of
  5 any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any
  6 quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on
  7 the central nervous system: amphetamine, its salts, optical
  8 isomers and salts of its optical isomers; methamphetamine, its
  9 salts, optical isomers and salts of its optical isomers;
  10 phenmetrazine and its salts; or methylphenidate; [ox]
  - (9) More than thirty grams [but less than ninety grams] of any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine; or
    - (10) More than ten milligrams of fentanyl or carfentanil, or any derivative thereof, or any combination thereof, or any compound, mixture, or substance containing a detectable amount of fentanyl or carfentanil, or their optical isomers or analogues.
- 18 2. The offense of trafficking drugs in the second degree is 19 a class C felony.
  - 3. The offense of trafficking drugs in the second degree is a class B felony if the quantity involved is:
    - (1) Ninety grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin; or
    - (2) Four hundred fifty grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed; cocaine salts and their optical and geometric isomers,

- and salts of isomers; ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, 1
- isomers, and salts of isomers; or any compound, mixture, or 2
- 3 preparation which contains any quantity of any of the foregoing
- 4 substances; or
- 5 Twenty-four grams or more of a mixture or substance (3) described in subdivision (2) of this subsection which contains 6
- 7 cocaine base; or

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or

- One gram or more of a mixture or substance containing a 8 9 detectable amount of lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD); or
  - Ninety grams or more of a mixture or substance (5) containing a detectable amount of phencyclidine (PCP); or
    - Twelve grams or more of phencyclidine; or (6)
- One hundred kilograms or more of a mixture or substance 13 (7)14 containing marijuana; or
  - More than five hundred marijuana plants; or
- 16 Ninety grams or more but less than four hundred fifty (9) grams of any material, compound, mixture, or preparation 17 18 containing any quantity of the following substances having a 19 stimulant effect on the central nervous system: amphetamine, its 20 salts, optical isomers and salts of its optical isomers; 21 methamphetamine, its salts, optical isomers and salts of its 22 optical isomers; phenmetrazine and its salts; or methylphenidate; 23
  - Ninety grams or more but less than four hundred fifty grams of any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine; or
- (11) Twenty milligrams or more of fentanyl or carfentanil, 27 28 or any derivative thereof, or any combination thereof, or any

- 4. The offense of trafficking drugs in the second degree is a class A felony if the quantity involved is four hundred fifty grams or more of any material, compound, mixture or preparation which contains:

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- (1) Any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system: amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers and salts of its optical isomers; methamphetamine, its salts, isomers and salts of its isomers; phenmetrazine and its salts; or methylphenidate; or
  - (2) Any quantity of 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine.
- 5. The offense of drug trafficking in the second degree is
  a class C felony for the first offense and a class B felony for
  any second or subsequent offense for the trafficking of less than
  one gram of flunitrazepam.
  - 632.460. 1. A person commits the offense of unlawful use of unmanned aircraft over a mental health hospital if he or she purposely:
- 20 (1) Operates an unmanned aircraft within a vertical
  21 distance of four hundred feet over the mental health hospital's
  22 property line; or
  - (2) Uses an unmanned aircraft to deliver to a person confined in a mental health hospital any object described in subdivision (1) or (3) of subsection 6 of this section.
- 26 <u>2. For the purposes of subsection 1 of this section,</u>
  27 vertical distance extends from ground level.
- 3. For purposes of this section, "mental health hospital"

- shall mean a facility operated by the department of mental health
- 2 <u>to provide inpatient evaluation, treatment, or care to persons</u>
- 3 suffering from a mental disorder, as defined under section
- 4 630.005; mental illness, as defined under section 630.005; or
- 5 mental abnormality, as defined under section 632.480.
- 6 4. The provisions of this section shall not prohibit the operation of an unmanned aircraft by:
- 8 (1) An employee of the mental health hospital at the
  9 direction of the chief administrative officer of the mental
  10 health hospital;
- 11 (2) A person who has written consent from the chief 12 administrative officer of the mental health hospital;
- 13 (3) An employee of a law enforcement agency, fire
  14 department, or emergency medical service in the exercise of
  15 official duties;
- 16 <u>(4) A government official or employee in the exercise of</u>
  17 <u>official duties;</u>
- 18 (5) A public entity or a rural electric cooperative if:

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- (a) The unmanned aircraft is used for the purpose of inspecting, repairing, or maintaining utility transmission or distribution lines or other utility equipment or infrastructure;
- 22 <u>(b) The utility notifies the mental health hospital before</u>
  23 flying the unmanned aircraft, except during an emergency; and
  - (c) The person operating the unmanned aircraft does not physically enter the prohibited space without an escort provided by the mental health hospital;
- 27 (6) An employee of a railroad in the exercise of official duties on any land owned or operated by a railroad corporation

| regulated by the Federal Railway Administration; or             |
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| (7) A person operating an unmanned aircraft pursuant to and     |
| in compliance with any waiver issued by the Federal Aviation    |
| Authority under 14 CFR 107.200.                                 |
| 5. Each mental health hospital shall post a sign warning of     |
| the provisions of this section. The sign shall be at least      |
| eleven inches by fourteen inches and posted in a conspicuous    |
| place.  |
| 6. The offense of unlawful use of unmanned aircraft over a      |
| mental health hospital shall be punishable as an infraction     |
| unless the person uses an unmanned aircraft for the purpose of: |
| (1) Delivering a gun, knife, weapon, or other article that      |
| may be used in such manner to endanger the life of a patient or |
| mental health hospital employee, in which case the offense is a |
| class B felony;   |
| (2) Facilitating an escape from commitment or detention         |
| under section 575.195, in which case the offense is a class C   |
| <pre>felony; or</pre>   |
| (3) Delivering a controlled substance, as that term is          |
| defined under section 195.010, in which case the offense is a   |
| class D felony.   |
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| Representative Nick Schroer Senator Tony Luetkemeyer            |